

# Rowing SA Safety

### Aim of today

- Where can I find information
- What is our role
- What resources are available
- Use of West Lakes
- Incident reporting
- Clarity to 'grey areas'
- Best practice



"This means something but I can't remember what!"

# Where can I find information

- Rowing SA website
  - Participation > Safety Information
    - Rowing SA Safety & Training Policy
    - Incident reporting
    - Club Safety Checklist
    - Emergency contact details (West Lakes & Torrens)
    - On water checklist for rowers
    - Action Plans (Anaphylaxis, Asthma, DRSABC)
    - SA Laws & Regulations
      - Recreation Boating handbook
      - Gazette for towing trailers and boat overhang requirements
      - Cycling & the Law Booklet

## What is our role

#### **Rowing SA**

- EDUCATE
- Keep up to date with best practices in safety
- Communicate changes and updates to all members
- Maintain register of incidents and near misses
- Assist clubs in creation, implementation & appraisal of safety procedures
- Liaise with other sports and Council to coordinate activities and share information
- Monitor and take action against any club jeopardising the safety of any other individual
- Take all necessary steps to ensure a safe environment on and off the water, for all participants in the sport and attendees of any Rowing SA Regatta or event

# What is our role

#### Club/School

- All club members are aware of and comply with all traffic and safety requirements of relevant waterways
- Club members are aware of and comply with all measures contained within the RSA Safety & Training Policy
- Club members are competent and capable of managing the conditions on any given waterway prior to entering that waterway, and are aware of, and practiced in, capsize and rescue procedures
- Creating, implementing and regularly reviewing safety and compliance procedures and practices within their club
- Appointing a Club Safety Officer and develop effective communication with all club members
- Maintaining a visible copy of the relevant traffic rules and emergency phone numbers in all boatsheds
- Ensuring equipment being used for all rowing and training activities is safe and fit for purpose
- Ensuring appropriate supervision is in place during all rowing and training activities.
- It is recommended that clubs have risk management plans for training, competitions, camps, and tours and take steps to put in place a 'log book' or 'buddy system' for instances when athletes will be training with limited supervision
- NEVER ROW ALONE

# What resources are available

- Rowing SA Safety & Training Policy
- Rowing SA Safety Assessment Checklist
- On-water Safety Checklist
- Emergency Contacts
- Action Plans

Other

 Photographing children- Rowing Australia video <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6UeqZWJxiZg&feature=youtu.be</u>

## Use of West Lakes

- Lights (boats and bikes)
- Traffic flow (maps)
- Noise (coaches, rowers, coxswains)
- Bikes (shared path, helmet, SA cycling rules apply)
- Trailers (lock gate if last & don't leave for more then 2 days)

### Examples of why safety is important

- Sydney director of rowing vehicle/boat trailer hit a pedestrian court case currently underway
- Letter received from a lawyer following at rowing crew allegedly collided with a fisher kayak in 2018 investigations with insurance company underway
- Regional medical episode on the water rescued by rowing buddy

### Examples of why safety is important

#### Recent example of what another Club is doing knowing that one of the competing athletes has Epilepsy:

- Student has a management plan and clearance from their Doctor
- Rower had to wear a self-inflating life jacket when sculling or in the pair
- Referee is to be made aware of each race that the athlete is competing in so they can allocate a rescue/umpire boat to 'tail' the athlete from leaving the beach to returning (including racing).
- The Umpires are the key as they have the ultimate responsibly for safety at the regatta. They will need to brief all on-water personal to understand what the rower's issue is and then how best to respond in a rescue situation.
- All students who was rowing with the athlete completed an induction on what to do if they had an episode, including a talk from his mother about the medical advice from his doctor
- If the rower felt an aura starting, they were to stop rowing immediately and to lean backwards
- The rower behind is to grab them firmly and hold stable until the aura finished
- They would then bring the rower straight back to the shed to be met by his parents and taken home

# Incident reporting

- Please report anything on or off the water
- Collision, near miss, trip, etc
- Use the online form which provides Rowing SA with ongoing records of all incidents
- Accurate records help implement new improvements, rules and appropriate communication

# Clarity to 'grey areas'

#### • Can I get on the water before 6am (Monday – Saturday) or 7am (Sunday)?

- Yes, but you are only allowed to wait by the beach
- No noise to be made
- No coaching
- Should other lake users look out for me?
  - You need to be aware of where you are rowing at all times
  - All lake users need to share the waterways
  - Some recreational users do not know the rules and we have been working with the Council to communicate to all users
  - Travel on the bowside of the lake (except at the Torrens) and look ahead
  - Refer to traffic maps in the Safety & Training Policy
- Can I stop and do a piece on the course?
  - Yes, at any point
  - If you are in a lane you must give way/ move for the faster crew
  - You can use lane '4' if needed to sit and wait (NOT TO BE USED FOR ROWING)

# Clarity to 'grey areas'

#### • What is lane '0' or '9' for?

- Travelling, stop/start work, recreation, slow moving boats
- No race work to be completed

#### • Can I use a cox box at 6am?

- Yes, but it must be turned as low as possible to only be heard within the boat
- Coxswains do not realise how loud they are so please remind them before any race work
- Who has right of use for the pontoon?
  - Sharing is caring use your discretion
  - In peak times the Southern end should be used for entry and Northern end for landing crews
  - 3-minute limit and no coaching in peak times
- Can I coach in front of houses even if I talk quietly?
  - No, use handheld radios and coach in front of reserves only
- What is the traffic pattern at the basin area?

### BASIN TRAINING MAP

#### DRAGON BOAT/CANOE COURSE

horth

This area is desingated for Dragon Boat and Canoe users on the lake as these boats have reserved use within this area.

#### AQUATIC BASIN TRAINING LOOP

Follow direction of the purple arrows - Northern turn: round red bouy

- Southern turn: round western yellow warning bouy

#### **RETURN TO SHEDS FROM MAIN COURSE**

Follow direction of the Red arrows

- Round western yellow warning bouy before retuning to beach

- When travelling through bridges, keep a lookout for other crews and crafts- espeically in the centre arches

#### AROUND THE ISLAND TRAINING LOOP

Follow direction of the Orange arrows

- Keep to your bowside of the lake when travelling around the island

- When travelling anticlockwise, you must travel around the western yellow warning bouy

- When travelling through bridges, keep a lookout for other crews and crafts- espeically in the centre arches

MERGING ZONE - Pay special attention when aproaching and travelling through the Merging Zone

IT'S EVERYONE'S RESPONSIBILITY TO FOLLOW AND POLICE THESE RULES; THEY ARE TO ENSURE EVERYONE'S SAFETY ON THE WATER

Report any infractions and incidents to course@rowingsa.asn.au

For more information, please refer to WEST LAKES SAFETY POLICY on the Rowing SA Website

## Questions & best practice

- What good things are you doing in your programs now to improve safety?
  - Capsize drills & swim tests
  - PFDs for inexperienced/unable to swim/medical
  - Colored caps
  - Coach and athlete briefing sessions
  - Sun safety
  - Coach requirements/paperwork
  - First Aid checks and maintenance